

UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS International General Certificate of Secondary Education

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| ACCOUNTING | | 0452/13 |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------|
| CENTRE NUMBER | CANDIDATE NUMBER | |
| CANDIDATE NAME | | |

Paper 1

October/November 2010 1 hour 45 minutes

Candidates answer on the Question Paper. No Additional Materials are required.

READ THESE INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Write your Centre number, candidate number and name on all the work you hand in.

Write in dark blue or black pen.

You may use a soft pencil for any diagrams or graphs.

Do not use staples, paper clips, highlighters, glue or correction fluid.

DO NOT WRITE IN ANY BARCODES.

Answer all questions.

You may use a calculator.

Where layouts are to be completed, you may not need all the lines for your answer.

The businesses mentioned in this Question Paper are fictitious.

At the end of the examination, fasten all your work securely together.

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.

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| 2 | |
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| 6 | |
| Total | |

This document consists of 19 printed pages and 1 blank page.



| There | There are 10 parts to question 1. | | | | |
|-----------------|---|------------------------|-----|--|--|
| Choos | For each of the parts (a) to (j) below there are four possible answers A , B , C and D . Choose the one you consider correct and place a tick (\checkmark) in the box to indicate the correct answer. | | | | |
| (a) W | hat is shown as a liability in a bala | ince sheet? | | | |
| Α | bank overdraft | | | | |
| В | fixtures and fittings | | | | |
| С | inventory (stock) | | | | |
| D | prepaid rent | | [1] | | |
| (b) Re | ent is paid to J. Perigo in cash. | | | | |
| Но | ow is this recorded? | | | | |
| | account to be debited | account to be credited | | | |
| A | cash | rent | | | |
| В | J. Perigo | rent | | | |
| С | rent | cash | | | |
| D | rent | J. Perigo | [1] | | |
| (c) W | hen is a suspense account opene | d? | | | |
| A | when a balance sheet fails to be | alance | | | |
| В | when a trial balance fails to bala | ance | | | |
| С | when an error of omission is co | rrected | | | |
| D | when an error of principle is cor | rected | [1] | | |
| | | | | | |
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| (d) | | nich item on a bank statement would cause the balance on the bank statement to be bre than the balance in the cash book? | | | |
|-----|-----|--|----------------------------------|----------------|--|
| | A | bank charges | | | |
| | В | bank interest credited | | | |
| | С | dishonoured cheque | | | |
| | D | standing orders paid | | [1] | |
| (e) | Why | / should costs be matched with r | revenues at the end of an accou | inting period? | |
| | Α | so that profit may be calculated | | | |
| | В | so that the trial balance will bala | | | |
| | С | to calculate the amount owed to trade creditors | | | |
| | D | to calculate the bank balance | | [1] | |
| (f) | | eter sold goods on credit to Ann in 2009. In October 2010 Peter wrote off the amount wed by Ann as a bad debt. | | | |
| | Wha | at entries must Peter make in his | ledger to write off the bad debt | ? | |
| | | account to be debited | account to be credited | | |
| | Α | Ann | bad debts | | |
| | В | Ann | sales | | |
| | С | bad debts | Ann | | |
| | D | sales | Ann | [1] | |
| | | | | | |

| (g) | The following information is available for a sole trader for the year ended |
|-----|---|
| | 30 September 2010. |

| | \$ |
|--|--------|
| sales in year | 59 200 |
| inventory (stock) at 1 October 2009 | 2 500 |
| inventory (stock) at 30 September 2010 | 3 800 |
| purchases in year | 28 600 |

What is the gross profit for the year?

| | Α | \$24 300 | | |
|-----|---|---|-----|--|
| | В | \$29 300 | | |
| | С | \$30 600 | | |
| | D | \$31 900 | [1] | |
| (h) | | nich of the following appears in the income statement (profit and loss account) of a rtnership? | | |
| | Α | a partner's drawings | | |
| | В | a partner's salary | | |
| | С | interest on a partner's capital | | |

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interest on a partner's loan

(i) A business has calculated the following ratios:

| 9 |
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| |
| |

| | percentage of gross profit to sales | percentage of net profit to sales |
|--------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Year 1 | 40 % | 19 % |
| Year 2 | 40 % | 25 % |

Why did the percentage of net profit to sales increase in Year 2? cost of sales decreased В cost of sales increased C expenses decreased [1] D expenses increased (j) Which of the following should **not** be recorded in the books of account? canteen costs maintenance of office buildings C wages of staff workers' skills [1]

[Total: 10]

| 2 (a) | Name the business document which is sent to the purchaser by a supplier of goods to record the value of the goods purchased. | | |
|-------|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | | [1] |
| (b) | In the table below, place a tick (✓) un is capital or revenue expenditure. | der the correct heading to | show whether the item |
| | | Capital expenditure | Revenue expenditure |
| | Purchase of shop | | |
| | Repairs to shop windows | | |
| | Purchase of new lock for shop door | | |
| | | | [3] |
| (c) | Name the financial statement (final a should be shown. | account) in which the pro | ovision for doubtful debts |
| | | | [1] |
| (d) | Explain what is meant by a business preparing its financial statements (final accounts) on the going concern basis. | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | [2] |
| (e) | A payment for a new motor car has been debited to the motor expenses account in the ledger. Name the type of error which has been made. | | |
| | | | [1] |
| (f) | Dio owns 5000 shares of \$2 each dividend of \$0.25 per share. State how | | • • |
| | | | |
| | | | [2] |

| (g) On 1 July 2010 Helia paid a premium of \$600 for a new insurance policy for 12 moto 30 June 2011. | | |
|---|--|---|
| | \(\frac{1}{2}\) | |
| Show your workings. | | |
| | | • |
| | | |
| | l | [3] |
| Beja's balance sheet at 31 July 2 | 010 included the following: | |
| balance at bank | 16 000 Dr | |
| Calculate Beja's working capital | at 31 July 2010. | |
| Show your workings. | | |
| | | • |
| | | |
| | | • |
| | | • |
| | | [4] |
| | l | [+] |
| | to 30 June 2011. Calculate the amount for insuran for the financial year ended 30 St. Show your workings. Show your workings. Beja's balance sheet at 31 July 2 non-current (fixed) assets inventory (stock) trade receivables (debtors) balance at bank trade payables (creditors) Calculate Beja's working capital at the contract of th | Calculate the amount for insurance in her income statement (profit and loss account) for the financial year ended 30 September 2010. Show your workings. Beja's balance sheet at 31 July 2010 included the following: \$ non-current (fixed) assets 30 000 inventory (stock) 15 000 trade receivables (debtors) 14 500 balance at bank 16 000 Dr trade payables (creditors) 18 200 Calculate Beja's working capital at 31 July 2010. Show your workings. |

(i) Khanu's financial statements showed the following:

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| | \$ |
|----------------------------------|---------|
| cash sales | 46 500 |
| credit sales | 126 000 |
| cash received from trade debtors | 122 800 |
| trade receivables (debtors) | 13 800 |
| | |

| | [4] |
|---|-----|
| | |
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| | |
| Show your workings. | |
| Calculate his collection period for trade receivables (debtors) to the nearest whole da | ıy. |

[Total: 21]

9 3 Moma keeps full accounting records and makes up her financial statements (final accounts) to 31 October in each year. Extracts from her accounting records for October 2010 show the following: Purchases Journal \$ October 5 Summa 320 17 Carter 500 29 Summa 270 Purchases Returns Journal \$ 100 October 8 Summa Cash Book (credit side) Discount Bank \$ \$ October 30 Summa 220 31 Carter 15 485 **REQUIRED** (a) Write up the accounts of Summa and Carter in Moma's purchases ledger for the month of October 2010. Show any balances carried and brought down.

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| · |
|------------------|
| Purchases Ledger |
| Summa account |
| |
| |
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| |
| |
| |
| [7] |
| |

| | | Carter ac | count | |
|--------------|---|------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|
| | | | | |
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| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | [5] |
| | ctober Moma had 200 units of October her purchases v | | tock) which had cost \$2.80 | per unit. In the |
| | October | Units | Cost per unit | |
| | 5 | 100 | \$ 3.20 | |
| | 10 27 | 130 120 | 3.10 2.90 | |
| | | | | |
| REQU | IRED | | | |
| (b) C | alculate the following. Show | your workings | | |
| (i | The value of inventory (s | tock) at 1 Octob | per. | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | [2] |
| | | | | [2] |
| (ii |) The total cost of purchas | es for October. | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | [6] |

[Total: 25]

| (c) | Stock is sold in the order in which it is received. At 31 October Moma had 250 units in stoc The net realisable value of each unit was \$3.00. | k. |
|-----|--|----|
| | Calculate the value of inventory (stock) at 31 October. | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | [5] | |

4 Gorman Limited has prepared the following trial balance from the company's accounting records for the year ended 30 September 2010.

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Gorman Limited Trial Balance at 30 September 2010

| | \$ | \$ |
|--------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| Bank (overdrawn) | | 2 200 |
| Revenue (sales) | | 92 000 |
| Ordinary goods purchased (purchases) | 70 300 | |
| Carriage inwards | 600 | |
| Inventory (stock) at 1 October 2009 | 13 900 | |
| Rent payable | 2 600 | |
| Property tax | 1 500 | |
| Electricity | 850 | |
| Wages and salaries | 5 250 | |
| Equipment and office fittings | 17 000 | |
| Provision for depreciation | | |
| on equipment and office fittings | | 1 700 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 1 100 | |
| Administrative expenses | 4 000 | |
| Retained profit at 1 October 2009 | | 28 000 |
| Share capital | | 9 000 |
| Trade receivables (debtors) | 17 600 | |
| Trade payables (creditors) | | 1 800 |
| | 134 700 | 134 700 |

Additional information

- 1 Inventory (stock) at 30 September 2010 was \$14 300.
- 2 Wages accrued but unpaid were \$500.
- 3 Property tax prepaid was \$300.
- 4 The bank statement for 30 September showed bank charges of \$120. This has not been entered in the books.
- 5 Depreciation of \$1700 is to be provided for the year.

REQUIRED

| (a) | Define a trial balance. | |
|-----|-------------------------|-----|
| | | |
| | | [3] |

(b) Prepare Gorman Limited's income statement (trading and profit and loss account) for the year ended 30 September 2010.

For Examiner's Use

| Gorman Limited Income Statement (Trading and Profit and Loss Account) for the year ended 30 September 2010 |
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| [13] |

| (c) | | me the accounting principle which has been applied to the amount included in the ome statement (trading and profit and loss account) for each of the following. |
|-----|-------|--|
| | (i) | Inventory (stock) |
| | /::\ | Drawantu tav |
| | (ii) | Property tax |
| | | [4] |
| (d) | Fro | m your answer to (b) calculate Gorman Limited's rate of inventory (stock) turnover. |
| | Sho | ow your workings. |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | ••••• | [5] |
| | | man Limited had a bank overdraft at 30 September 2010. Suggest one way in which company could reduce or eliminate the overdraft. |
| | | |
| | | |
| | ••••• | [2] |
| | | [Total: 27] |

5 Sohara has a shop and sells goods for cash and on credit. She keeps the cash book herself but her accountant writes up her ledger each month. Sohara puts her cash receipts in a till and enters them into her three-column cash book each week. She offers a cash discount of 3% to her debtors for payment within 15 days. She buys stock in bulk from Apollo for cash and receives trade discount of 5% for orders in excess of \$1000. She pays wages each week in cash. On 1 September 2010 Sohara's cash book showed cash in hand of \$700 and cash at bank of \$3000. Sohara had the following transactions in one week in September 2010. September 6 Cheque received from Juno for goods sold on 24 August 291 7 Sold goods on credit to Hercules 100 8 Paid cash to Apollo for goods purchased 1900 9 Cheque received from Minos for goods sold on 29 June 85 10 Cash sales for the week 1850 10 Wages paid for the week 350 **REQUIRED** (a) (i) State the type and amount of discount allowed to Juno by Sohara. (ii) State the type and amount of discount received by Sohara on paying Apollo.

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[3]

(b) Make the necessary entries in Sohara's cash book to record the above transactions for the week ended 10 September 2010. You are **not** required to balance the cash book.

The cash book is on the next page.

Sohara Cash Book September 2010

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| | - |

| Bank | \$ | | | | | |
|----------|----|--|--|--|--|--|
| Cash | ↔ | | | | | |
| Discount | \$ | | | | | |
| Details | | | | | | |
| Date | | | | | | |
| Bank | \$ | | | | | |
| Cash | \$ | | | | | |
| Discount | \$ | | | | | |
| Details | | | | | | |
| Date | | | | | | |

Sohara also keeps a petty cash book on the imprest system with an imprest of \$300.

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On 30 September 2010 there was \$20 in the petty cash box and vouchers for expenses totalling \$270.

REQUIRED

| (c) (i) | State the amount of cash there should have been in the petty cash box. |
|---------|--|
| | [2] |
| (ii) | Suggest one reason why there was a difference in the petty cash between the amount actually in the box and the expected amount. |
| | rol |
| | [2] |
| (iii) | State the amount which was transferred from the bank on 1 October to restore the imprest. |
| | [2] |
| | [Total: 24] |

6 Norman started a business on 1 July 2010 selling machines.

On that day he bought inventory (stock) for \$12 000 and office furniture for \$1500.

He paid an additional \$2300 into a new business bank account and kept \$200 on hand as a petty cash float.

On 2 July his brother Peter paid \$3000 into the business bank account as a loan to the business.

REQUIRED

(a) Show the journal entries to record these transactions. Narratives are **not** required.

Norman Journal

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|------|---|
| Dr | Cr |
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[8]

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Norman understands he should depreciate the office furniture.

He decides his office furniture will have a useful life of four years and will have no scrap value.

REQUIRED

| (b) | Name two possible methods of depreciation he could use. | |
|-----|---|-----|
| | (i) | |
| | (ii) | [2] |
| (c) | Select which method Norman should use. Give a reason for your answer. | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | [3] |
| | [Total: ' | 13] |

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